

THE BOURBON NEWS
Is essentially a paper for the people.
Pure in tone, it is a Fit Companion
in the Family Circle.

SWIFT CHAMP, Editor and Owner.

Printed Every Tuesday and Friday.

Established February 1, 1881.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR.

PARIS, BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, AUG. 2, 1904

• • Lexington's Semi-Annual Trade Event. • •

Lovenhart's Mid-Summer Cut Price Sale!

Just a few words in explanation that you may understand the full meaning of this money-saving opportunity. Twice each year we hold these sales for the purpose of closing out, as nearly as possible, all spring and summer stock. It is a plain business proposition that we sacrifice first-class merchandise rather than carry it over.

Men's and Boys' Suits 10 per cent. Discount.

Straw Hats—1-5 off.

Cool Underwear—50c line 44c; \$1.00 line 89c; \$1.50 line \$1.28; \$2.00 line \$1.78.

Fancy Hosiery—20 per cents off.

Light Night Robes 44c.

Negligee Shirts—50c line 44c; \$1 line 89c; \$1.50 line \$1.23; \$2 line \$1.65.

One hundred Men's Suits—regular \$10 and \$12.50 value, put in one \$5.00

LOEVENHARTS
Modern Clothiers & Hatters, Lex. Ky.

Greatest Bargain Sale of
All This Week at

Twin Bros.

Dry Goods and Shoe Department,
PARIS, KENTUCKY.

All Goods Below Cost.

The Sherwin-Williams Paints Cover the Earth The Sherwin-Williams Paints Cover the Earth



Do You Use Paint?

Most of the world does and most of the world uses

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT.

It's made to paint buildings with, inside and outside. It's made ready for the brush. It's made for home use and for practical painters too. It's pure lead, pure zinc, and pure linseed oil, mixed by specially made machinery operated by experts. It's made for you.



C. A. DAUGHERTY, - 434 Main Street.

Notice Garth Beneficiaries!

The present beneficiaries of the Garth Fund are notified to meet the Garth Fund Commissioners at the City School Building, in Paris, Ky., on Tuesday, August 9, 1904, at 9 o'clock, a. m. They will bring with them the text books used during the past school year, upon which they will be examined, and will also bring with them their vouchers for money expended during the past year.

JOHN T. COLLINS,
CLAUDE M. THOMAS,
EMMETT M. DICKSON,
Commissioners.

This July 29, 1904.

Bluegrass Beef.

Why eat tough beef when you can get tender, juicy bluegrass beef from Margolin, the butcher. 26-2t

ATTEND Freeman & Freeman's "Benefit Sale" of Shoes, beginning to-day. 26-1f

THE BOURBON NEWS.

EVERYBODY
Reads THE BOURBON NEWS, because it contains all the news. It goes alike to the humble and great.

Printed Every Tuesday and Friday.

Established February 1, 1881.

A Great Game.

The ball game Sunday afternoon at Bacon's Grove between Paris and Covington All Collegians, was by far the best game of the season. The Collegians are an excellent aggregation of ball players, and the manner in which they backed up their pitcher would be a credit to any league team. The best of teams sometimes lose and in this instance their defeat is no discredit. Their pitcher, McBrann, pitched an excellent game, as the score indicates, Paris only securing five hits off his delivery. In the field, the Collegians caught every thing that came their way, in fact made several brilliant catches and pick-ups of hot grounders. In the seventh inning they executed a very neat double-play that brought forth much applause, but however they could not win in the face of the masterly pitching of Cooper, who struck out thirteen men. Cooper is pitching magnificent ball with a deceptive out curve, great speed, perfect control and excellent judgment. He has proven himself a holy terror against all comers, his record in the last three games being forty-five strike outs.

Paris played quick snappy ball from start to finish, tying the score in the second inning and in the fourth going them one better. They, like their opponents made several good catches. Watkins' catch of a hot liner while covering third base being the star play of the afternoon. The game was an undecided contest until the last man was out in the ninth. From the fourth inning to the close of the game the play was intensely exciting and local fans and enthusiasts were on their p's and q's, and with a man on third in the ninth and only one run needed to tie the score, Cooper with hat off and inspired by the demands of the occasion, struck out the opposing batsman, ending the intense agony that seemed to engulf the crowd, bringing forth vociferous yells of enthusiasm.

Manager Thomas is to be congratulated for his indomitable work in bringing such good teams here to contest with the local boys, and any game arranged by him carries with it the assurance of being a contest worthy of the attendance of all interested in the great National sport. The score was as follows:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Covington 0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Paris.....0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

Hits—Covington 6; Paris 9. Errors—Covington 8; Paris 5. Struck out—by Cooper 13; by McBrann 2. Batteries—McBrann and Gamble; Cooper and Dempsey. Umpire—James. Attendance 550.

Escaped Prisoner Recaptured.

W. H. Rousey, who escaped jail at Danville last October, after having been sentenced to twenty-one years in the penitentiary for killing Sam Mastin in 1902, has been arrested in California and will be brought back to Kentucky.

Wheat Sacks.

Plenty of wheat sacks. Will pay highest cash price for wheat. Can unload your wagon with ease and quickness at our elevator. Call 84 both phones for prices.

R. B. HUTCHCRAFT.

Hibernian Picnic.

Help along a good cause by patronizing this on the 11th of August. You can reach the grounds on the Interurban. An auction of merchandise, contributed by the merchants of Paris, will be one of the features of the Hibernian picnic. Every one should attend. The admission fee is only 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

—Commencing Thursday night, August 4, the popular Howard-Dorset Company will open the Grand Opera House. Little need be said in praise of this excellent company, they having played Paris before, and always gave the best satisfaction of any repertoire company that visits these parts. The opening play will be "The Golden Giant Mine," a Western drama, depicting life in Colorado during the time many rushed West in search of gold. Special attention will be devoted to scenery in this piece, making it realistic in all its minor details. Friday night the great laugh producer will be offered, viz: "The Man From Mexico." This play has been presented by Willie Collier in the best theatres over the country and it was in this vehicle that gave him prominence. Mr. Geo. W. Howard, Paris' favorite comedian, will portray the part of Benjamin Fitzhew, and is a part that is a part that is more fitted to Mr. Howard's style. In "The Two Orphans," Saturday's matinee bill, Miss Flora Dorset will essay Louise, the blind girl, and will no doubt, aided by her charming personality, do full justice to the part. Specialties, consisting of singing and dancing, moving pictures, and acrobatic acting will be interspersed between acts.

Singing and dancing specialties, moving pictures and the De Vans in their acrobatic dog act will be given between the acts, making the performance continuous. Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE!

THREE NIGHTS and SATURDAY MATINEE
COMMENCING
THURSDAY, AUGUST 4th.

Howard-Dorset

COMPANY

Presenting Four Royalty Plays, at
Prices Within The Reach of All.

OPENING PLAY—

"The Golden Giant Mine,"

A Thrilling Sensational Western
Melodrama.

Thursday evening—opening night ladies will be admitted free when accompanied by one paid thirty-cent ticket. The number of ladies' tickets will be limited to 200, and must be secured at once, for they will not last long.

Singing and dancing specialties, moving pictures and the De Vans in their acrobatic dog act will be given between the acts, making the performance continuous.

Prices—10, 20 and 30 cents.

The "Deering"

Hemp Reaper

Is built especially to cut Hemp and will handle the crop in a more satisfactory manner, and with less than one third the expense of hand cutting.

THE CELEBRATED

WHITMAN HAY PRESSES

are unequaled for durability, ease of operation, fast and perfect work.

—FOR SALE BY—

J. S. Wilson & Bro.,

Bank Row, North Side Court-House, Paris Ky.

BAIRD & TAYLOR,

Up-to-Date Grocers.

We will be Headquarters
for Joe Giltner's Peaches.
Crop better than ever be-
fore. Vegetables daily.

BAIRD & TAYLOR



When You Buy a
Rake, Why Not
Buy the Best.

THE OSBORNE.

STEEL
SELF-DUMP
RAKE.

STANDS
AT THE
HEAD.

A FEW OF THE REASONS WHY:

Heavy Angle Steel Axles; Roller Bearings, revolving on cold rolled Steel Axles, the only rake in the world equipped in this manner; Reversible Dumb Rod having four times the wearing surface of the common single dump rod; Double Hub Suspension Spoke Reversible Steel Wheels; Wheels 54 inches high, 50 removable Steel spokes in each wheel, channel steel ties; Teeth of spring steel flattened points, rounded bottoms.

You cannot afford to buy a rake without first looking at the OSBORNE, as well as our full line of farm machinery.

See PEED & DODSON.

ROOSEVELT'S ADDRESS

The President's Response to the Committee Appointed to Notify Him of His Nomination.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Notification Committee:—I am deeply sensible of the high honor conferred upon me by the representatives of the republican party assembled in convention, and I accept the nomination for the presidency with solemn realization of the obligations I assume. I heartily approve the declaration of principles which the republican national convention has adopted, and at some future day I shall communicate to you, Mr. Chairman, more at length and in detail a formal written acceptance of the nomination.

Three years ago I became president because of the death of my lamented predecessor. I then stated that it was my purpose to carry out his principles and policies for the honor and the interest of the country. To the best of my ability I have kept the promise thus made. If next November my countrymen confirm at the polls the action of the convention you represent, I shall, under Providence, continue to work with an eye single to the welfare of all our people.

A party is of worth only in so far as it promotes the national interest, and every official, high or low, can serve his party best by rendering to the people the best service of which he is capable. Effective government comes only as the result of the loyal co-operation of many different persons. The members of a legislative majority, the officers in the various departments of the administration, and the legislative and executive branches as towards each other, must work together with subordination of self to the common end of successful government. We who have been entrusted with power as public servants during the past seven years of administration and legislation now come before the people content to be judged by our record of achievement. In the years that have gone by we have made the dead square with the word, and if we are continued in power we shall unwaveringly follow out the great lines of public policy which the republican party has already laid down; a public policy to which we are giving, and shall give, a united, and therefore an efficient, support.

In all of this we are more fortunate than our opponents, who now appeal for confidence on the ground, which some express and some seek to have confidentially understood, that if triumphant they may be trusted to prove false to every principle which in the last eight years they have laid down as vital, and to leave undisturbed those very acts of the administration because of which they ask that the administration itself be driven from power. Seemingly their present attitude as to their past record is that some of them were mistaken and others insincere. We make our appeal in a wholly different spirit. We are not constrained to keep silent on any vital question; we are divided on no vital question; our policy is continuous, and is the same for all sections and localities. There is nothing experimental about the government we ask the people to continue in power, for our performance in the past, our proved governmental efficiency, is a guarantee as to our promises for the future. Our opponents, either openly or secretly, according to their several temperaments, now ask the people to trust their present promises in consideration of the fact that they intend to treat their past promises as null and void. We know our own minds and we have kept of the same mind for a sufficient length of time to give to our policy coherence and sanity. In such a fundamental matter as the enforcement of the law we do not have to depend upon promises, but merely to ask that our record be taken as an earnest of what we shall continue to do. In dealing with the great organizations known as trusts, we do not have to explain why the laws were not enforced, but to point out that they actually have been enforced and that legislation has been enacted to increase the effectiveness of their enforcement. We do not have to propose to "turn the rascals out," for we have shown in very deed that whenever by diligent investigation a public official can be found who has betrayed his trust he will be punished to the full extent of the law without regard to whether he was appointed under a republican or a democratic administration. This is the efficient way to turn the rascals out and to keep them out, and it has the merit of sincerity. Moreover the betrayals of trust in the last seven years have been insignificant in number when compared with the extent of the public service. Never has the administration of the government been on a cleaner and higher level; never has the public work of the nation been done more honestly and efficiently.

Assuredly it is unwise to change the policies which have worked so well and which are now working so well. Prosperity has come at home. The national honor and interest have been upheld abroad. We have placed the finances of the nation upon a sound gold basis. We have done this with the aid of many who were formerly our opponents, but who would neither openly support nor silently acquiesce in the heresy of unsound finance; and we have done it against the convinced and violent opposition of the mass of our present opponents who still refuse to recant the unsound opinions which for the moment they think it inexpedient to assert. We know what we mean when we speak of an honest and stable currency. We mean the same thing from year to year. We do not have to avoid a definite and conclusive com-

mittal on the most important issue which has recently been before the people, and which may at any time in the near future be before them again. Upon the principles which underlie this issue the convictions of half of our number do not clash with those of the other half. So long as the republican party is in power the gold standard is settled, not as a matter of temporary political expediency, not because of shifting conditions in the production of gold in certain mining centers, but in accordance with what we regard as the fundamental principles of national morality and wisdom.

Under the financial legislation which we have enacted there is now ample circulation for every business need; and every dollar of this circulation is worth a dollar in gold. We have reduced the interest-bearing debt and in still larger measure the interest on that debt. All of the war taxes imposed during the Spanish war have been removed with a view to relieve the people and to prevent the accumulation of an unnecessary surplus. The result is that hardly ever before have the expenditures and income of the government so closely corresponded. In the fiscal year that has just closed the excess of income over the ordinary expenditures was nine millions of dollars. This does not take account of the fifty millions expended out of the accumulated surplus for the purchase of the Isthmian Canal. It is an extraordinary proof of the sound financial condition of the nation that instead of following the usual course in such matters and throwing the burden upon posterity by an issue of bonds, we were able to make the payment outright and yet after it to have in the treasury a surplus of one hundred and sixty-one millions. Moreover, we were able to pay this fifty million of dollars out of hand without causing the slightest disturbance to business conditions.

We have enacted a tariff law under which during the past few years the country has attained a height of material well-being never before reached. Wages are higher than ever before. That whenever the need arises there should be a readjustment of the tariff schedules is undoubtedly; but such changes can with safety be made only by those whose devotion to the principle of a protective tariff is beyond question; for otherwise the changes would amount not to readjustment but to repeal. The readjustment when made must maintain and not destroy the protective principle. To the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer this is vital; but perhaps no other man is so much interested as the wage-worker in the maintenance of our present economic system, both as regards the finances and the tariff. The standard of living of our wage-workers is higher than that of any other country, and it can not remain unless we have a protective tariff which shall always keep as a minimum a rate of duty sufficient to cover the difference between the labor cost here and abroad. Those who, like our opponents, "denounce protection as a robbery" thereby explicitly commit themselves to the proposition that if they were to revise the tariff no heed would be paid to the necessity of meeting this difference between the standards of living for wage-workers here and in other countries; and therefore on this point their antagonism to our position is fundamental. Here again we ask that their promises and ours be judged by what has been done in the immediate past. We ask that sober and sensible men compare the workings of the present tariff law, and the conditions which obtain under it, with the workings of the preceding tariff law of 1893 and the conditions which that tariff of 1893 helped to bring about.

We believe in reciprocity with foreign nations on the terms outlined in President McKinley's last speech, which urged the extension of our foreign markets by reciprocal agreements whenever they could be made without injury to American industry and labor. It is a singular fact that the only great reciprocity treaty recently adopted—that with Cuba—was finally opposed almost alone by the representatives of the very party which now states that it favors reciprocity. And here again we ask that the worth of our words be judged by comparing their deeds with ours. On this Cuban reciprocity treaty there was at the outset grave differences of opinion among ourselves; and the notable thing in the negotiation and ratification of the treaty, and in the legislation which carried it into effect, was the highly practical manner in which without sacrifice of principle these differences of opinion were reconciled. There was no rupture of a great party, but an excellent practical outcome, the result of the harmonious co-operation of two successive presidents and two successive congresses. This is an illustration of the governing capacity which entitles us to the confidence of the people not only in our purposes but in our practical ability to achieve those purposes. Judging by the history of the last twelve years, down to this very month, is there justification for believing that under similar circumstances and with similar initial differences of opinion, our opponents would have achieved any practical result?

We have already shown in actual fact that our policy is to do fair and equal justice to all men, paying no heed to whether a man is rich or poor; paying no heed to his race, his creed, or his birthplace. We recognize the organization of capital and the organization of labor as natural outcomes of our industrial system. Each kind of organization is to be favored so long as it acts in a spirit of justice and of regard for the rights of others. Each is to be granted the full protection of the law, and each in turn is to be held to a strict obedience to the law; for no man is above it and no man below it. The humblest individual is to have his rights safeguarded as scrupulous

ly as those of the strongest organization, for each is to receive justice, no more and no less. The problems with which we have to deal in our modern industrial and social life are manifold; but the spirit in which it is necessary to approach their solution is simply the spirit of honesty, of courage, and of common sense.

In inaugurating the great work of irrigation in the west the administration has been enabled by congress to take one of the longest strides ever taken under our government toward utilizing our vast national domain for the settler, the actual home-maker.

Ever since this continent was discovered the need of an Isthmian Canal to connect the Pacific and the Atlantic has been recognized; and ever since the birth of our nation such a canal has been planned. At last the dream has become a reality. The Isthmian Canal is now being built by the government of the United States. We conducted the negotiation for its construction with the nicest and most scrupulous honor, and in a spirit of the largest generosity toward those through whose territory it was to run. Every sinister effort which could be devised by the spirit of faction or the spirit of self-interest was made in order to defeat the treaty with Panama and thereby prevent the consummation of this work. The construction of the canal is now an assured fact; but most certainly it is unwise to entrust the carrying out of so momentous a policy to those who have endeavored to defeat the whole in time to prevent great loss of life.

The assassin wore a brown overcoat and a railroad official's cap. He stood on the sidewalk just as Minister Von Plehve's carriage was about to cross the canal bridge near the station. The minister was escorted by a number of detectives on bicycles, and one of them jostled the assassin, who then rushed into the road and threw the bomb after the carriage. The missile struck the hind wheel and exploded with fearful force, killing or wounding over a score of persons. Minister Von Plehve and his coachman were killed outright and an officer of the guard was fatally injured.

In the Caribbean Sea we have made good our promises of independence to Cuba, and have proved our assertion that our mission in the island was one of justice and not of self-aggrandizement; and thereby no less than by our action in Venezuela and Panama we have shown that the Monroe Doctrine is a living reality, designed for the hurt of no nation, but for the protection of civilization on the western continent, and for the peace of the world. Our steady growth in power has gone hand in hand with a strengthening disposition to use this power with strict regard for the rights of others, and for the cause of international justice and goodwill.

We earnestly desire friendship with all the nations of the new and old worlds; and we endeavor to place our relations with them upon a basis of reciprocal advantage instead of hostility. We hold that the prosperity of each nation is an aid and not a hindrance to the prosperity of other nations. We seek international amity for the same reasons that make us believe in peace within our own borders; and we seek this peace not because we are afraid or unready, but because we think that peace is right as well as advantageous.

American interests in the Pacific have rapidly grown. American enterprise has laid a cable across this, the greatest of oceans. We have proved in effective fashion that we wish the Chinese empire well and desire its integrity and independence.

Our foothold in the Philippines greatly strengthens our position in the competition for the trade of the east; but we are governing the Philippines in the interest of the Philippine people themselves. We have already given them a large share in their government, and our purpose is to increase this share as rapidly as they give evidence of increasing fitness for the task. The great majority of the officials of the islands, whether elective or appointive are already native Filipinos. We are now providing for a legislative assembly. This is the first step to be taken in the future; and it would be eminently unwise to declare what our next step will be until this first step has been taken and the results are manifest.

To have gone faster than we have already gone in giving the islanders a great boon by us, and only keep them because we vigilantly safeguard and guarantee them. To withdraw our government from the islands at this time would mean to the average native the loss of his barely-won civil freedom. We have established in the islands a government by Americans assisted by Filipinos. We are steadily striving to transform this into self-government by the Filipinos assisted by Americans.

"A no less impressive service was conducted at the minister's stately residence Thursday evening to which only intimate friends were invited. The magnificent staircase and the reception rooms were draped in black. The body of the minister was completely covered by a white shroud which concealed the ghastly mutilations. It reposed in a black and silver casket in a corner of the vast hall surrounded by luxuriant palms."

The mangled remains of the minister of the interior were conveyed to a humble chapel adjoining the station, the windows of which miraculously escaped destruction. The priests and people, with characteristic Russian piety, at once joined in a solemn requiem. The square in front of the station was filled with a reverent crowd of peasants and laborers and the busy hum of traffic was silenced.

The force of the explosion was so

terrible that it only broke every window within a radius of half a mile,

but reduced the heavy paving stones to powder, heaved up the pavement and flung a heavy piece of the iron-work of the carriage across the canal severing the thick mast of a barge, which fell, stunning the captain of the barge. Everybody in the street was knocked down and more or less bruised.

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KILLED BY A BOMB.

M. Von Plehve, Russian Minister of Interior, Assassinated.

The Assassin, a Finn, Is in the Hospital Severely and Perhaps Fatally Injured By the Explosion of His Own Bomb.

St. Petersburg, July 29.—M. Von Plehve, minister of the interior, was assassinated at 9:50 o'clock Thursday morning by a bomb thrown at his carriage while he was driving to the Baltic station to take a train for the palace at Peterhof, where he was to make his weekly report to the emperor.

The assassination is believed to be the outcome of a widespread plot, the existence of which has been suspected for several days. Numerous arrests have already been made, including that of the assassin, a young man who is believed to be a Finn named Leglo and who is now in a hospital severely and perhaps fatally injured by the explosion of his own bomb. An accomplice of Leglo, also apparently a Finn, but whose name is unknown, has been arrested. He had in his possession a bomb which he tried to throw but he was overpowered by the police just in time to prevent great loss of life.

The assassin wore a brown overcoat and a railroad official's cap. He stood on the sidewalk just as Minister Von Plehve's carriage was about to cross the canal bridge near the station. The minister was escorted by a number of detectives on bicycles, and one of them jostled the assassin, who then rushed into the road and threw the bomb after the carriage. The missile struck the hind wheel and exploded with fearful force, killing or wounding over a score of persons. Minister Von Plehve and his coachman were killed outright and an officer of the guard was fatally injured.

The police immediately after the explosion arrested a suspicious individual who took refuge in a hotel opposite the scene of the tragedy. He carried a bomb similar to that thrown by Leglo. As soon as the police saw the bomb they scattered but an employee of the hotel rushed up behind the accomplice and pinned his arms.

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RECALL

For loved one who have passed, demands the erection of a fitting Memorial.

We have the largest stock of Medium priced Monuments, Makers and Headstones in the State. Our collection of Artistic, Original and Executive designs cannot be surpassed, while our prices are known to be right.

Contained Money and Notes.

While seated in the waiting-room of the C. & O. depot at Lexington, Friday, waiting to board the L. & E. train for the mountains, Mr. E. D. Asher, a wealthy lumber dealer of Pineville, lost his pocket-book containing many valuable papers and cash money. The book contained notes aggregating \$11,500, checks to the amount of \$400 and about \$100 in cash.

READ Freeman & Freeman's "Benefit Sale" advertisement on page 4. 26j-tf

Governor Accepts Invitation.

The Mayor of Monroe, Mich., has invited the Kentucky state officials to be guests of that city on September 1, to witness the unveiling of the monument erected by the State of Michigan to the Kentucky soldiers who fell in the battle of River Raisin in 1813. Governor Beckham, by accepting the invitation, expresses Kentucky's appreciation of the magnanimous act of Michigan in expending \$5,000 to commemorate Kentucky's heroes.

Will Extend Operations.

The Western Tobacco Journal says the Continental Company will this season do more buying in the country than ever before. Several new agents will be employed and several new fields be invaded. This means much more tobacco purchased without being sent to market. If there were competition in the market we would deplore this fact, but as the trust fixes the price, whether in the barn or in the market makes but little difference when it is sold.

Fruit Jars.

When you're ready to put up your blackberries, peaches, etc., see Saloshin for your Mason's Fruit Jars, he can give you some bargains.

TIRE SETTING.—Our tire setting machine can set tires cold as well as hot. If you want a cheap job we can do it. July 12th E. J. MCKIMMERY & SON.

WHEAT WANTED.—Will pay the highest cash market price for wheat. E. F. SPEARS & SONS.

Hot Weather Lunches.

For your summer lunches such as Limburger Cheese, Imported Switzer, Brick Cheese, Boiled Ham, etc., don't fail to see

FRANK SALOSHIN.

Wheat Wanted.

Before selling your wheat, see us or call phone No. 84. We will buy at all stations on F. & C. and L. & N. railroads. Will pay the highest market price, or will store your wheat at Centerville, Shawhan, Millersburg or Paris. Have plenty of sacks.

25j-tf R. B. HUTCHCRAFT.

FOR RENT.—Rooms furnished or unfurnished. Fine location and central. Apply at this office.

Special Rates.

The Bluegrass Traction Co. will make a special rate of 60 cents round trip to Lexington on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday on account of the Gents' Driving Club. A rate of 35 cents will be made from Georgetown.

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES—ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Big Reduction!

Panamas and all Straw Hats at
1-2 PRICE!

**20 Per Cent. Off on all Clothing for
15 DAYS!**

*** We Must Have Room for Our Fall Goods. ***

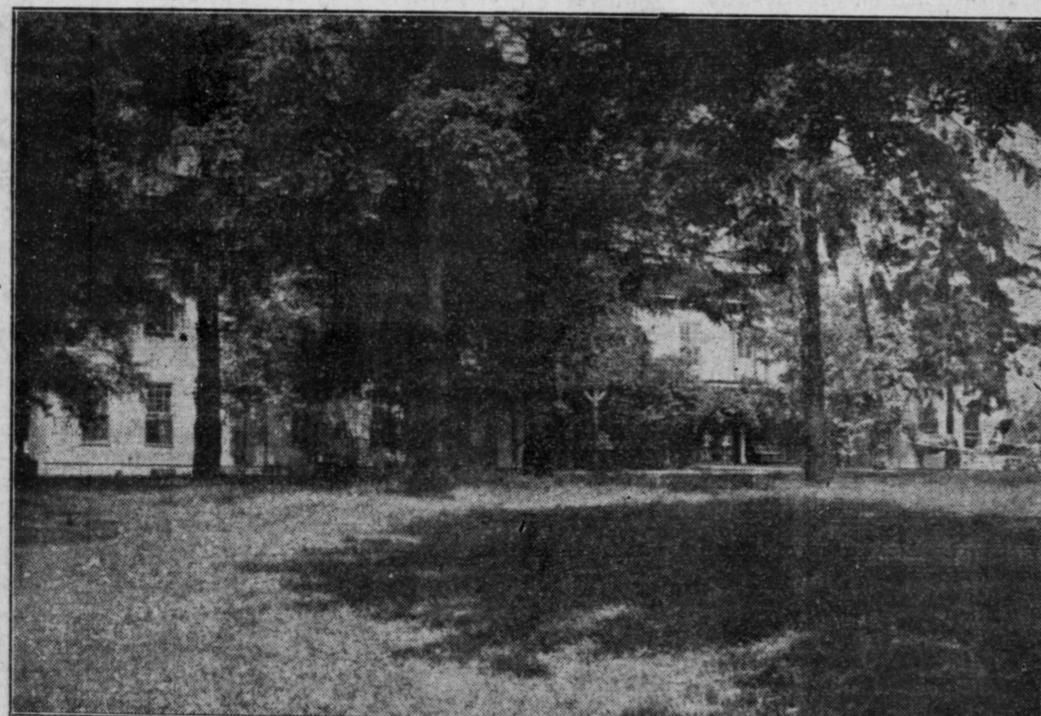
PARKER & JAMES,

V. M. B. O. D.

Corner 4th & Main,

Paris, Kentucky.

BOURBON COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.

**A HOME AND SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.**

Practical and thorough course of instructions. Finest Christian and Social advantages.

For catalogue, address

M. G. THOMSON, PRESIDENT, PARIS, KY.

White Rock Lime in Barrels.**...White Rock Lime in Bulk...**

Early Amber Sugar Cane and German Millet Seed.

=: Hanover, Portland and Domestic Cement :=

Best of Jellico, Kentucky, Blue Gem and Cannel Coals.

=: Sand, Salt, Corn, Oats, Hay and Straw :=

STUART & WOODFORD,

Directly opp. L. & N. Freight Depot.

Paris, Kentucky.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

SWIFT CHAMP, - EDITOR AND OWNER.

BOTH 'PHONES, - - - - - 124.

[Entered at the Paris, Ky., postoffice as Second-class Mail Matter.]

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.
ALTON B. PARKER.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.
HENRY G. DAVIS.

FOR CONGRESS—
HON. SOUTH TRIMBLE,
of Franklin County.

A Serious Problem.

A serious problem has arisen in the board of directors of the Kentucky University, at Lexington, in regard to the Day Bill, which was passed by the last session of the Kentucky Legislature, which forbids coeducation in this State, and several members of the board are undecided as to whether the university will be allowed to receive the four Filipino students recently assigned the institution through an agent of the Government. A representative of the Government Bureau of Education was in Lexington several weeks ago and secured the consent of President Burris A. Jenkins to enter four natives of the Philippines as students at the coming fall term at the college. A like arrangement was made with other educational institutions throughout the country, among them being the Louisville Manual Training School.

When the matter came up for final consideration before the board it was decided that the Filipinos, as colored, came within the prohibition of the Day law, and therefore they could not be received. The matter has aroused considerable discussion among the local educators, as well as those in other parts of the State, and the outcome will be watched with interest.

RELIGIOUS.

—There will be regular services at the Methodist church on Sunday. Rev. Clark will arrive home from Brooksville, the last of the week.

—Rev. J. S. Sweeney filled the pulpit at the Christian Church Sunday, Rev. Morgan being unable to preach on account of illness.

SUGAR CANE.—For milk cows and stock of all kinds, there is nothing better than Sugar Cane! One acre of it will go as far as three of corn. For pure Early Amber seed go to STUART & WOODFORD'S.

MILLERSBURG.

Mr. W. G. McClintock moved into his new residence Thursday.

Miss Eva Doty, of Paris, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry Bowling.

J. J. Mullaly and J. T. Woodall visited friends at High Bridge Sunday.

Mr. Thos. V. Harrison, of Lexington, is the guest of his uncle, Thos. Vimont.

Mr. Eli Worthington, of Mason, is the guest of his niece, Mrs. Garrett Jefferson.

Mrs. Jas. Hutsel, of Greenville, M's., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Bettie Martin.

Mrs. W. M. Crates and three children, of Richmond, Ky., are guests of Mrs. Jos. A. Miller.

Mr. Frank Miller and family, of Lair, are guests of his father, J. F. (Dock) Miller.

Mrs. Ella Thaxton left Thursday for Petosky, Mich. Her son, Jack, is visiting in Mason.

Mrs. Robt. Caldwell, aged 38, died here Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Burial at Germantown.

Mrs. Thos. Conway and children are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Riley Ray, at Fairview.

In the tennis game here Friday, Best and Caldwell defeated Lapsley and Varden, of Paris, 8 to 0.

Mr. E. F. Newcomb, of Lebanon, was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. H. H. Floyd, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. J. W. Maston, of Nicholas, has been the guest of his cousin, Mrs. Nick Rankin, for several days.

Stewart & Collier have as complete stock of lumber as you can find in any first-class lumber yard. Call and see them.

FOR SALE.—Launch, 30 feet long 8 feet wide, gasoline engine. Good order. T. M. PURNELL.

STEAM BAILER—I have an Ohio Steam Baile, with capacity of 35 tons per day. Quick, first-class work as low as any.

RUSSEL MITCHELL.

I hereby notify all persons not to sell, my wife, Mary Elizabeth Paynter any goods on my account after July 29, 1904.

2-3 THOS. H. PAYNTER.

There will be about 35 young people leave here to-day to camp a week at Blue Licks, Mr. and Mrs. Garrett Jefferson and Miss Mattie Layson will chaperone the party.

Bradley-South Announcement.

Ex-Governor and Mrs. William O. Bradley announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Christine Duncan Bradley, to Dr. John Glover South, of Frankfort. The date of the wedding has not been fixed, nor have any of the arrangements been made, except that it will take place in the fall at the Warren Memorial Church.

Miss Bradley is one of the most popular girls in Kentucky.

Dr. South is one of the leading physicians in Frankfort. He is the son of the late Barry South, who was a prominent politician, and brother of Mr. Jerry South, of Arkansas, at one time Lieutenant Governor of the state.

BROWER'S.

Can't we induce you to come to Lexington this week? We are giving 10 per cent. discount on all Summer Furniture, which includes Vudor Porch Shades, Old Hickory Furniture.

We are giving 25 per cent. discount from all Hammocks and accessories. Prices are for cash. It will pay you to come.

C. F. BROWER & CO.

MAIN & BROADWAY, - LEXINGTON, KY.

W. RAY CLARK.

O. EDWARDS.

THE BEST . . .

That's what we handle and supply our trade with, whether the order be small or large.

CANNED GOODS**AND FRUITS**

any anything in the Staple and Fancy Grocery line.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

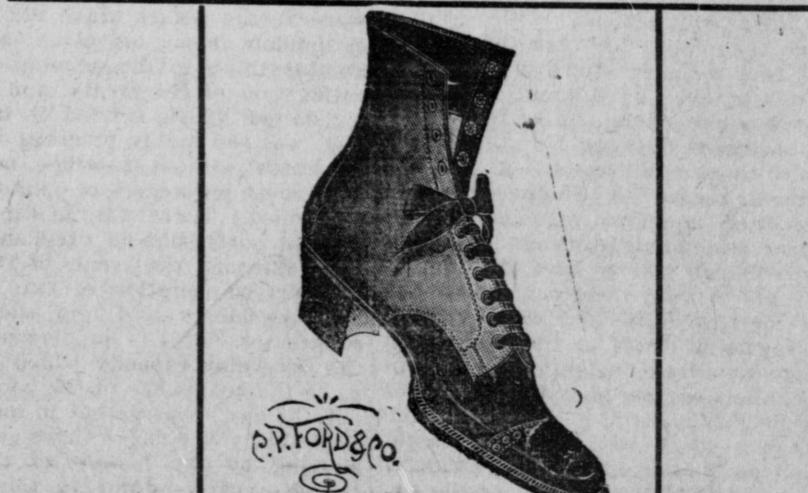
on everything we sell, and a trial order is all that is necessary to make you a regular customer.

CLARK & EDWARDS.**OUR LEADING SPECIALTY—****The WALK-OVER SHOE
FOR MEN!**

All the New, Pretty, Dainty Styles and Exclusive Designis in

LADIES' OXFORDS

for Spring and Summer are here in boundless assortments, and at prices impossible to find elsewhere.



Freeman & Freeman,
334 Main Street, - - - Paris, Kentucky.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

SWIFT CHAMP, - EDITOR AND OWNER.

READ Freeman & Freeman's "Benefit Sale" advertisement on page 4. 26j-tf

HOW MANY MORE?—About 75 negroes from Paris attended a camp-meeting at Cynthiana Sunday.

NOTICE.—Dr. Bowen, the optician, will be at A. J. Winters & Co.'s on August 11. Examination free.

LOCATES IN CINCINNATI.—Will Williams and family moved last week to Cincinnati, where they will reside in the future.

EVERY time you buy a broom made by our Paris Broom Factory you are helping to build up a home manufacturing industry, which benefits everybody in Paris.

EXAMINATIONS.—Teachers' examinations for State certificate on August 10-20; county certificate (white), August 19-20; county certificate (colored), August 26-27.

APPOINTED AGENT FOR BOURBON.—Oberdoffer, the druggist, was yesterday appointed official agent to sell school books for the public schools of Bourbon.

CANDIDATES' DAY.—Instead of yesterday being the usual court day it should have been called candidates' day, as all the candidates for the various county offices were concerning the unsuspecting and urging their claims in a vigorous manner.

REMEMBER the Howard-Dorset Company open at the Grand Opera House Thursday night, and will play a three-night engagement with a Saturday matinee. Seats on sale at Borland's.

NOTICE TO A. O. H.—On account of A. O. U. W. using our hall Friday night, we will meet Thursday night. All members are requested to be present, as this is our last regular meeting before picnic, and we want to perfect all arrangements.

E. H. GOREY, Secretary.

IT takes manufacturing enterprises to build up a city. The Paris Broom Factory is one of our progressive manufacturers, and all of the wages paid to their hands is spent in this city. Every citizen of Paris who is interested in seeing our city grow ought to use brooms made by our home factory.

Burglars.

The homes of John Grimes, Ned Woods and Jos. Rice were visited on Saturday and Sunday nights by burglars. Only a few small articles were taken.

Will Locate at Lexington.

Otis Bacon has purchased the Eugene Eugene Land residence on Ashland avenue, in Lexington, for \$6,000, and will take possession August 1st. We understand Mr. Bacon, who is ex-Parisian will move his family from Texas to his new home at once. Mrs. Bacon is a sister of Mrs. Byron McClelland, of Lexington.

TWIN BROS. will have a great Clearance Sale this week. 2t

Declines to Pay Over.

In a communication to Superintendent of Public Instruction Fuqua, State Auditor Hager declines to place any part of the income for the insurance department to the credit of the school fund until first directed to do so by the courts. He declared that such an action would damage the present tax rate, which would have to be reapportioned by the Legislature.

TWIN BROS. will have a great Clearance Sale this week. 2t

More Money For The Boys.

The auditor of the War Department has rendered a decision giving additional pay to three Kentucky regiments mustered in for the Spanish-American war.

The first regiment of Louisville will receive \$1,749.29; the second regiment \$570.36 and the third regiment \$778.49.

Judge Smith's Court.

Archibald Carlisle, obtaining money under false pretenses; Sam Smith, malicious cutting, and Mattie Scroggins, using abusive language, calculated to provoke breach of the peace, will all be tried before Judge Smith this morning.

Will Fields, charged with housebreaking, was held to Circuit Court, under \$500 bond.

Joe McGowan, Ed Peace and Will Taylor were all tried under the new vagrancy law, and were given 30 minutes to leave town—they had 20 minutes to spare. All of the above are colored.

DRY Goods and Shoes below cost at Twin Bros. this week. 2t

Cloud Burst.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the vicinity of North Middletown was visited by a terrific cloud-burst. At one place the turnpike was washed ten feet deep and 15 feet long. Gardens were completely ruined, tobacco patches were also demolished by the water and hail. Several teams ran away, Mail Carrier H. C. Whaley was compelled to return to Paris, and the Star Route man had to drive through the fields. Water stood in the grocery store of Trimble & Judy 6 inches deep. The storm caused thousands of dollars of damage.

A Public Nuisance.

PERSONAL MENTION

We will again call attention of the city officials to the condition of Fifth street, near telephone pole at entrance to post office, and at the pole in rear of Geo. W. Davis' furniture store. Pools of green, slimy, filthy water constantly stand at these points. Ladies dresses are ruined and besmeared every day by horses hitched at these poles. Is it not possible for these nuisances to be abated.

We give you warning, somebody will be before the next grand jury in regard to them if the city officials cannot have them abated. They should be abated for the health of the community, if nothing else, and we now call the Health Officer's attention to them—make the spirit move him to action.

WHEAT SACKS.—Plenty of wheat sacks at Peed & Dodson's. They will quote you prices every day. Both Phones 140. al

Our Fire Department.

A short time ago the citizens of Paris were proud of the Paris Fire Department. Can it be said to-day? An alarm was sent in by telephone Saturday after the box in the neighborhood of the fire, a small house on Sycamore, had refused to work. We get it from reliable source that the batteries of our fire alarm system have run down and need recharging badly.

The Council seemed to take no more interest in the department whatever. We have time and time again tried to bring the importance of this matter to their notice. The department as it now stands has a very costly chemical engine, (which never goes to a fire), a small hose wagon, one driver, one electrician, two firemen. No chief, no ladders, and in fact, just simply runs itself, and is about now run into the ground. Gentlemen you are not treating the property owners, the people who pay the taxes, right by neglecting this department.

DON'T FORGET.—When in Lexington don't forget Reed Hotel, Hart Bros., Props., rates \$2 to \$2.50 per day. 1m

Carlisle Citizens After Negro Assailants.

Officers and a posse of citizens are in search for two negroes who, in an attempt to assault Miss Bettie Williams,

aged sixteen, in a blackberry patch near Carlisle Saturday, they tore most of her clothes off and bruised her considerably. She was prostrated several hours.

William Alexander Johnson.

Died, at the family home in this city, on Sunday, June 31, 1904, William Alexander Johnson, aged fifty-six years. For several years, deceased has suffered from serious kidney troubles. Last Wednesday he was taken to Lexington, accompanied by his wife, and the nature of his disease was diagnosed by a skilled physician, and it was ascertained that there was a failure of the blood supply throughout his system, and that he could live only a short time. He was brought back to his home where he died Sunday night.

The deceased was born in this city, and has resided here all his life. When a youth he was employed in the Western Citizen printing office, when that paper was published by Lyle & Walker. He remained in that office, while it was published by McChesney & Fisher, from 1868 to 1873. In 1873, he became an associate publisher of the paper, and remained connected with it until 1878. He continued afterwards in the newspaper and printing business for many years. He was first-class in his profession and was always popular with those he employed and was associated with.

In 1883, he received an appointment as Storekeeper in the revenue service, a position which he held during Cleveland's first administration. He was removed from office during Harrison's administration, but when Cleveland was elected President in 1883, he was reappointed, and since that time remained continuously in the service. He has been a competent and painstaking public official, and his connection with the revenue service for a period of more than fourteen years, under Democratic and Republican administrations, attests the high esteem in which he has been held. Those who are familiar with his work say he was one of the very best and most capable men in the service.

It is early boyhood, during a protracted meeting in this city, conducted by the Rev. Dr. Worrall, now of Danville, the deceased connected himself with the Presbyterian Church. He early joined the choir of the church, and in the service of song has always labored with zeal and efficiency and acceptance. In this sphere of religious usefulness his death will be an almost irreparable loss to the church. In 1870, deceased was elected and ordained a Deacon in the church.

And so has passed away another in the prime and seeming vigor of manhood.

In his early days he was the mainstay of his widowed mother. He was a faithful public official, a devoted and loving husband and father. His life work is ended. May his rest in peace.

He is survived by his wife and three daughters, Mrs. J. Sims Wilson, and Misses Fannie and Bettie Brent Johnson, and by a brother, Isaac S., and a sister, Miss Anna Johnson, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

He will be sincerely mourned by many surviving relatives and friends.

The funeral will be held at the Second Presbyterian Church this afternoon at four o'clock. Services will be conducted by Rev. E. H. Rutherford.

DRY Goods and Shoes below cost at Twin Bros. this week. 2t

Cloud Burst.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the vicinity of North Middletown was visited by a terrific cloud-burst. At one

place the turnpike was washed ten feet deep and 15 feet long. Gardens were completely ruined, tobacco patches were also demolished by the water and hail.

Several teams ran away, Mail Carrier H. C. Whaley was compelled to return to Paris, and the Star Route man had to drive through the fields. Water stood in the grocery store of Trimble & Judy 6 inches deep. The storm caused thou-

sands of dollars of damage.

PERSONAL MENTION

—Logan' Howard is taking in the World's Fair.

—Mr. and Mrs. James E. Clay leave today for Buffalo.

—Miss Tillie Toolen is visiting friends at Winchester, Ind.

—Miss Bessie Edwards is visiting Miss Edith Collier, at Cynthiana.

—Prof. J. A. Sharon and family are visiting friends at Butler, Ky.

—Mrs. Evelyn Buck has arrived home from Chautauqua, New York.

—Mr. John Wiggins has returned to Cincinnati after a pleasant visit in Paris.

—Miss Carroll Buck is home after an extended visit to Miss Mary Woodford.

—Mrs. Dol Moore left Saturday for a month's stay at her cottage at Olympia.

—Tom W. Allen returned home Sunday from several weeks visit to the World's Fair.

—Mrs. J. Will Ferguson, of Atlanta, Ga., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Ferguson.

—Misses Flora and Mabel Hill have returned from a visit to Mrs. Lee Barbour in Louisville.

—Mrs. St. Clair, President of Hamilton College, Lexington, is the guest of Mrs. R. B. Hutchcraft.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Parker, Jr., and Miss Lillie Daniels have gone to Lake Chautauqua, N. Y.

—Mrs. Wm. Scott had as her guests last week Miss Hazelrigg, of Frankfort, and Miss Elliott, of Owingsville.

—Mrs. Dudley Powers, who has been the guest of Miss Elizabeth Embry, left yesterday for a visit to Lexington.

—Miss Oda Puryear, of Paducah, and Miss Martha Burch, of Versailles, arrived yesterday to visit Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Stevens.

—Hons. Chas. Swift, H. P. Thompson and E. B. Ecton, Jr., of Clark county, were shaking hands with the voters of Bourbon yesterday.

—Miss Lorine Butler and her guest, Miss Esther Taulbee, of Maysville, will leave to-day for a visit to Miss Martha Railey, of Versailles.

—Master Wallace M. Woods, of Winchester, who has been the pleasant guest of his grandmother, Mrs. Mary Stivers, has returned home.

—Mrs. Wm. Scott and little son, Hugh, left yesterday for a visit to friends in Frankfort. Mrs. Scott also left for a business trip to Texas.

—Mrs. Kate Chambers and son, James Chambers, Mrs. Hannah Taylor and Messrs. Lew and William Taylor, leave to-day for a visit to the St. Louis Fair.

—The following invitation has been issued: "Mrs. J. J. McClintock, at home, Friday afternoon, 3 to 7, to meet Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Honaker. Please reply."

—Mrs. J. K. Smith, of Dayton, is the guest of her father, Mr. W. A. Hill. Miss Gertrude Smith, who has been visiting her grandfather, returned home Sunday.

—Miss Frances Roberts, of Shelbyville, Ills., is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Mary Ireland Davis.

—Miss Jennie Kate Purnell left yesterday for her home in Fulton, Mo., after several weeks' visit in this county.

—Mrs. John Young Brown and daughter, Miss Cora South Brown, of St. Louis, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Hall.

—Mrs. John McMillan, Miss Milda McMillan and Mr. Raymond McMillan and Mrs. Gano Hildreth leave to-day for a visit to the St. Louis Fair.

—On account of the entertainment at Mrs. McClintock's, the regular meeting of the C. W. B. M. will be held Thursday afternoon in the Christian Church at 4 o'clock, August 4.

—Mr. and Mrs. James B. Haggan gave a beautiful dinner Saturday evening at Green Hills, the first of the numerous hospitalities planned during their stay at their Blue Grass home, between Paris and Lexington.

—Mrs. Oma Wilson, and little daughter, whose husband, Willard Wilson, met such a tragic death by being run down by a train on the L. & E. road at Filson, Ky., left for that place yesterday, accompanied by Miss Annie Wright.

—Master of Trains, W. O. Chambers, has moved his interesting family, consisting of his wife, two bright little daughters, Misses Ruth and Clara, and his father, to this city from Lebanon Junction. They are at present keeping house in the residence of Mrs. Robt. Robinson, on Winchester street.

—Mr. Thos. Henry Clay entertained a number of friends at 6 o'clock dinner on Thursday evening, in honor of his 65th birthday. Those present were: Elder Carey Morgan, Buckner Woodford, W. B. Allen, Elder Taylor Sharrard, George Alexander, Geo. R. Bell, Geo. Stuart, B. F. Williams (Lexington), Col. Roger Williams (Lexington), J. T. Hinton, J. W. Davis and Thos. Helm Clay.

—Miss Elizabeth and Lilla Phelps, at their country home at Walnut Hill, are entertaining a very attractive house party from the 29th until the 3d. Their guests are Misses Elizabeth Taylor and Edith Gray, of Paris, and Misses Lottie Spears and Cyrene Smith, of Muir, Ky. . . . Miss Carrie Berry, who has been in the Good Samaritan Hospital for several weeks, is now much better and has moved to Mrs. H. S. Botts' on Second street, Lexington Leader.

—Monray, to the wife of Henry Chism, a son.

—Attention. Democrats.

—Let every Democrat be in attendance at the Democratic Mass Convention in the County Court room this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The purpose is to select delegates to the Appellate Convention in Lexington on Thursday.

Frank & Co.

ARE CLOSING
OUT ALL....Summer
GoodsAT LESS THAN MANUFAC-
TURER'S PRICES.DON'T miss this oppor-
tunity if you need any
Summer goods in our
line.All Lawns, 8 1-3c yd
Kincker Cloth, 1oc ydAll Skirtings and other
Wash Goods at
Half-Price.Special Bargains in
Hosiery and Under-
wear.A NEW lot of Muslin
Shirts and Drawers
just received. These
goods were delayed en-
route, and to sell quickly
will divide each in two
lots. Beautiful Lace and
Hamburg trimmed Skirts
at 98c and \$1.39; Plain
Muslin Drawers, 25c;
Drawers with Lace or
Hamburg Ruffles, only
50c.

INSPECTION INVITED

FRANK & CO.,
PARIS, KY.

—Mrs. Claude Redmon is quite ill.

—Miss Ida Redmon leaves this morning for Nelagona, O. T.

—Mrs. Neville Fisher and daughter are guests of Mrs. Fisher's mother in Georgetown.

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CONFINED TO HIS BED.



Mrs. Johnson—I wish I could think of something to keep my husband at home nights.

Mrs. Smithson—Give him an automobile.

Mrs. Johnson—He'd be out more than ever then.

Mrs. Smithson—No, indeed. My husband got one last week and the doctor says he won't be out for six weeks.—Chicago Chronicle.

The Easiest Way.

"I understand," he said, "that we are reported to be engaged."

"I believe some one has taken the liberty of starting such a rumor," she replied.

"Well, don't you think it would be easier to make the rumor true than to go to the trouble and annoyance of denying it?" he suggested.

"Perhaps you are right," she admitted. "Such denials are always ineffective, in addition to being more or less distressing."—Chicago Post.

HAND-PAINTED BLUSHES.



"I wonder why Mr. Oldbow always kisses me on the forehead?"

"Probably to spare your blushes."—Chicago Chronicle.

Quite Out of Place.

Aunt Prisms—I am shocked at you, Maude. You permitted young Mr. Jones to kiss you.

Maude—He only just touched me on the nose, auntie.

Aunt Prisms—It was quite out of place, dear.

Maude—He knew it was, auntie; but you came in so suddenly, you see.—Tit-Bits.

Quite Necessary.

Lives of poets should remind them. They must have good feet in rhyme If when gone they'd leave behind them Footprints in the sands of Time.—Philadelphia Press.

THE REASON.



Little Tom—I wonder why ostriches have such long legs?

Sister Sue—Oh, it's so they won't get their feathers wet when they go in wading.—Detroit Free Press.

The Limit Reached.

Mrs. Subbubs—The cook wants another afternoon off, every week.

Mr. Subbubs (anxiously)—Did you show her calendar and try to explain that it will be impossible for us to make eight afternoons in one week?—Puck.

He Pays the Freight.

Husband—That is an exceptionally pretty hat you have on, my dear.

Wife—I'm so glad you like it, John. I bought it on your account.

Husband—Oh, of course. You always do.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE FISHER.

I used to wish
For a patient pole
And a chance to fish
In the fishing hole
Where the graylings played
In the days gone by,
And the beech trees shade
Shut out the sky
Till 'twas just a gloom,
Like the sun was down,
And a faint perfume;
And the waters brown
Lay just as still,
Like they were asleep;
Till my boyish skill
Made the trout to leap.

I got a pole
Just the other day
And I sought the hole
Where I used to play:
'Twas a greenheart thing
Of a slender size;
Each foot ring
With its patent eyes
Held the line in place;
At its heavy heel
With its rubber case.
Clicked a nickel reel.

And I had flies
Till you couldn't rest;
With an expert's eyes
I had sought the best;
But not a bite.
Did I get that day,
Though along toward night,
Came a boy that way,
And he whistled shrill
With a ill and swing,
And he caught the fill
Of a good long string.

And I caught none;
But I'm free to say
When I was alone
And the boy away
I had that string.
The boy went hence
With his carolling
And some fifteen cents.
And then I lied
To my own home, too;
And no doubt I lied
Just the way you'd do.

—J. M. Lewis, in Houston Post.

And Then He Left.

He was feeling his way. "If I were to tell you, Miss Smith," he said, in a low, earnest tone, "that I am about to start on a long journey, even across the sea, and that it may be months, and possibly years, ere I return, what would you say?"

If the girl drooped it wasn't perceptible.

"I would say, Mr. Swanbill," she replied, "ta, ta."—Tit-Bits.

Ready for the Test.

"Dis is de snake season," said the old Georgia darky, "en da sayin' dat if you swallars a quart er whisky wen a snake bites you de snake'll die en you go free. But dar's a question dat comes in right dar."

"And what is that?"
"I well knows whar plenty er snakes is, but whar is I gwine git de whisky?"—Atlanta Constitution.

HOW TRUE.



Mathew Whitman's Will

By PERCY CHAMBERLAIN

(Copyright, 1904, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

WHEN the dried-up old lawyer finished reading the will he gravely removed his spectacles and glanced about the group surrounding the library table.

On every face save one was surprise and consternation; on that one an amused smile played.

And yet Harold Olney had more cause for surprise and consternation than any of the other heirs. He had been old Mathew Whitman's favorite nephew, had always enjoyed a liberal allowance by the old man and had been led to suppose that the bulk of the great estate would go to him. Acting on this understanding he had not hesitated to go to the pace and mortgage the fortune. So he was hopelessly in debt and now the sum of his expectations was \$1,500. Not only he, but the other heirs had expected his portion to have two more ciphers added.

Their hopes had not been so high as Harold's, but they all had expected far more than they got.

The old man had treated them all alike and had left each nephew and niece exactly \$1,500. The balance of his great estate was to go to the Humane society. No reason was given in the will for this strange ignoring of his relatives and patronage of a cause with which he never had manifested any particular sympathy during his life, and the old lawyer was unable to give any reason in answer to the angry clamor.

Perhaps the angriest person in the dingy old library was Jefferson Franklin, who had hoped to share equally with Harold the major portion of the estate. The four nieces had no such great expectations, as they were well aware of Uncle Mathew's dislike and contempt for women, but they had expected \$10,000 or \$15,000 each, as the old man had been a stickler for blood relationships and his estate ran well over the half million mark.

But Jefferson Franklin had had good reason for his hopes to be put at least on a level with Harold, and share the greater part of the estate. In the first place it was no more than just, as he was near to the blood and a male. Moreover, he had led a steady, sober, industrious life and proven himself a good business man, and while he knew his uncle always had condoned Harold's wild escapades and easy-going life, because of some peculiar affinity between him and the boy, the other nephew knew that the old man approved of the solid business virtues. He knew further that old Mathew Whitman had possessed the desire to keep the fortune together and had expressed the fear that Harold would dissipate it. Besides all this Harold had a lot of the old man's money while he lived. He had educated both nephews and done much else for them, but Harold had had a liberal regular allowance, and besides this the old man had paid his debts several times—and very considerable debts they had been, too.

Uncle Mathew had frequently expressed his approval of Jefferson's steady business habits, and the young man had good reason for his expectations. So when the will was read he scarcely could believe his ears. A paltry \$1,500, when he had expected more than a hundred times the amount. Indeed, he had planned just how he was to invest it so as to become a power in the business world.

"Fifteen hundred dollars!" he exclaimed. "Why, the old fool was crazy. We ought to break the will."

"Yes, yes!" chorused the nieces. "He was a stingy old maniac. Let's break the will."

The old lawyer shook his head gravely. "That would be difficult," he said. "What do you say, Harold?" asked Jefferson, fiercely turning to Harold.

"Oh, Uncle Mathew was sane enough," replied Harold. "And I'm hanged if he

didn't have the right to do as he pleased with his blamed old money."

The meeting finally broke up in a storm of imprecations upon the memory of the deceased. As they were going the piping voice of the lawyer recalled them.

"You have forgotten a clause in the will," he said. "Mr. Whitman requested that from the amount of your legacies you contribute enough to erect a monument over his grave."

There was a shout of derisive laughter from Jefferson and the nieces. The humor of it struck Harold, and he laughed, too.

"Let the Humane society erect a monument!" exclaimed Jefferson, savagely. "I wouldn't pay for a pine shingle to stick over his grave," and he strode out.

"And you, Miss Nancy?" asked the lawyer of the oldest niece.

"Not a penny," she answered, as she bounded out.

And so said all of them, until only Harold was left.

"Well, Mr. Harold?" inquired the lawyer, as the young man picked up his hat and started out, his face graver than it had ever been before. He turned at the question.

"It looks like adding insult to injury," said he; "but, after all, we didn't have any absolute rights in his old money—and he was pretty good fellow to me. Get some decent sort of a monument and take the cost out of my share."

Harold went directly to his club and sat a long time in the smoking-room, buried in thought. For the first time he faced the real problem of life, and the natural difficulties accentuated by his absolute unpreparedness and the mountain of debts he had acquired.

There was another complication, too—a woman, of course. Only a few weeks since he had fallen in love with a sweet-faced nurse who had cared for him through an illness, and had resolved to marry and settle down. He had proposed and been accepted. To give her up seemed more to him than all the rest—the loss of luxury, the prospect of hard work, the sneers of his fellows. But it was inevitable, for he could figure no way to support himself, to say nothing of her.

After several hours' of absorbed thought—the longest period of serious thinking he had ever known—he threw away his cigar and walked briskly out. Taking a north-bound car he made his way to the home of Alice Newton, and a few moments later had laid the whole case before her and released her from the engagement.

"What are you going to do?" she asked with a white face.

"Oh, I can join the army, I guess, and go to the Philippines," he replied grimly. "They will feed me and clothe me and shelter me after a fashion. That's more than I can do for myself."

"You will do no such thing," she replied, with spirit. "You will go to work and use those abilities you have always abused, and make a place for yourself. And—and—I will wait for you."

He started forward eagerly, then relapsed into his old cynicism. "It's no use," he said. "I've thought it all over. I know my limitations better than you. I can do nothing, and all my associations and acquaintance and habits are a handicap, and not a help. No, I will go my way and eke out some sort of an existence, and you will go yours—and God bless you."

He turned quickly to go, but she threw her arms about his neck. He gave her a passionate embrace and their lips met, but in his eyes there was no hope.

At the club he found a message from the lawyer to call at his office next day.

"Here is a catalogue of monuments. I thought you should decide what sort to put over your uncle's grave. I do not care to take the responsibility of making a selection. Inasmuch as you are to pay for it, you should make the selection."

"Oh, it don't matter," replied Harold. "I am no connoisseur in grave stones."

"Here," persisted the lawyer, opening the catalogue, "is a simple stone that can be put up for \$150. Perhaps with your means that is all you ought to pay. Here is a very respectable thing for \$500. Here is a shaft for \$800, and here is a very pretentious obelisk for \$1,000."

Harold looked carelessly at the pictures.

"Oh, better do it right," said he, grimly. "The money might as well go that way as any other. He never hesitated to add a cipher to my check when debts got pressing. Better give him the \$1,000 shaft and fix up some sort of letting for it, will you?"

The lawyer bowed. "As you say," he said. "Come in a week from to-day, and I will pay you the balance of your inheritance."

A week later Harold appeared at the lawyer's office. The other heirs were there.

The old lawyer showed signs of great agitation.

"There was a codicil to Mathew Whitman's will," he said. "It was in a sealed envelope to be opened by me after the monument had been placed over his grave. It provides that the family heirs shall have a further legacy of an amount equal to 400 times the cost of the monument, providing that did not exceed the value of the estate; said further legacy to be divided among the heirs in proportion to the amount they shall have contributed toward the monument."

There was dense silence for a moment. It would require a camera to depict the expression of utter woe depicted on the faces of Jefferson Franklin and the female heirs—especially on that of the astute Jefferson.

Harold Olney sat as one in a trance. Then he gave a whoop and leaped to the elevator. A moment later he was hurrying northward in a cab with the horse on a gallop.

He burst into the home of Alice Newton like a whirlwind. What happened there may well be left to the imagination.

THE CIPHER WAS TOO MUCH

Telegraph Operator Thought the Message Was Too Much Twisted to Save.

While Secretary Hay was in the country one summer, an important piece of official business was pending, and he arranged with Washington that any news that might arrive about the matter should be telegraphed to him in cipher.

Day after day he waited, says the New York Tribune, but no telegram came. One morning, happening to go to the lonely little telegraph office, he said to the operator:

"I suppose you have received no dispatch for me?" "Why, yes, sir," the operator replied, "there was a dispatch for you the other day, but it was all twisted and confused. I couldn't make head or tail of it, so I didn't think it was any use to send it up to you."

Arriving at a Verdict.

Kushequa, Pa., Aug. 1.—(Special)—In this section of Pennsylvania there is a growing belief that for such Kidney Diseases as Rheumatism and Lame Back there is only one sure cure, and that is Dodd's Kidney Pills. This belief grows from such cases as that of Mrs. M. L. Davison, of this place. She tells the story herself as follows:

"I have suffered from Rheumatism for thirty years and find that Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me more good than any medicine I have ever taken. I was also bothered with Lame Back, and I can only say that my back hasn't bothered me since I took Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Considering that Mrs. Davison only took two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills, the result would be considered wonderful if it were not that others are reporting similar results daily. Kushequa is fast arriving at a verdict that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the one sure cure for Rheumatism."

Back to the Flood.

MacIntosh boasts a good deal about his family, doesn't he?"

"Yes, I think he claims that the head of his family was the original MacIntosh that Noah had with him during that rainy season."—Philadelphia Press.

It Cures While You Walk.

Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for foot, sweating, callus, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Check!

He—Why does a woman always think she ought to wear a smaller shoe than she can? She—Why does a man always think he ought to wear a larger hat than he can?—Yonkers Statesman.

That red ant they are importing for the cotton fields appears to serve the double function of killing the boll weevil and keeping the cotton pickers lively.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch st., Phila., Pa.

Some authority in fashion ought to also come to the aid of the fat men with a dip front.—Atchison Globe.

Big Rooms—Big Meals—Small Cost. Notwithstanding malicious reports to the contrary, the Inside Inn, at the World's Fair, St. Louis, has thoroughly sustained its high reputation of Mr. E. M. Statler, its Manager, for giving first-class accommodations at reasonable rates.

Thanks to its enormous size and wonderfully care for the enormous crowds which have sought its hospitality, without overcrowding or discomfort.

Standing, as it does, upon an eminence, and surrounded by a beautiful natural forest, it has enjoyed the popular verdict of being the coolest and most delightful spot in all St. Louis.

The extraordinary convenience of being right inside the Grounds and thereby saving all tiresome street-car journeys has been appreciated by every guest, and the management have won high praise for their successful efforts in catering to the comfort, safety and enjoyment of each and every visitor. The rates, which are very reasonable, range from \$1.50 to \$3.50 per day European, and from \$3.00 to \$7.00 American plan.

A postal addressed to the Inside Inn, World's Fair Grounds, St. Louis, will bring interesting details regarding reservation, etc.

Definition.

Johnny—Pe, what is a specialist? Pe—A specialist, Johnny, is a man who only stops the murder on his own beat.—N. Y. Sun.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

A smiling face pays fare a long distance in the business world.

CHIEF OF POLICE SAVED.

Newberry, S. C.—W. H. Harris, chief of police of Newberry, says: "I suffered for a number of years with kidney complaint. There was a dull aching across the small of my back that was worse at night and made me feel miserable all the time. The kidney secretions were dark and full of sediment, and lack of control compelled me to rise a number of times during the night. Between this annoyance and the backache it was impossible for me to get much sleep and my health was being undermined. I tried a number of remedies, but nothing helped me until I got Doan's Kidney Pills. The use of this remedy according to directions promptly brought about a change for the better. After using two boxes the backache all left me, the kidney secretions cleared up and the action of the kidneys became normal."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Chief Harris will be mailed to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box.

Mustard Paste.

For a mustard paste take one-half flour and one-half mustard and blend thoroughly before adding water. Apply between linen or flannel cloths. When the paste begins to reddish the skin, remove and rub the affected part with sweet oil. Then replace the plaster. If this method is followed the mustard may be left on without injury to the patient for a considerable length of time. This is a physician's prescription.—N. Y. Post.

Invasion of China.

Here is a Woo-Sung milk "ad" from the Shanghai Times: "We open at Woo-Sung in the south of the telegraph company for sale the foreign milk, the taste are sweet, the milk are pure and the price are just. We haven't put any water in it, if examine out, won't pay a single cash. If you want to buy so you will know the foreign cows shop. Gen Sung Kee." Wouldn't that curdle you!—N. Y. Tribune.

Fine Climate.

For a winter climate Colorado Springs has a reputation second to no locality in the United States. During the winter of 1903-04 hundreds of robins, bluebirds, Spanish sparrows, orioles and turtle doves made their homes in that vicinity, and there was no weather during the whole season so severe as to harm them. There were 317 clear days in the year.

Keep Tab on Him.

"Mrs. Chellus looks bad, doesn't she?" "Yes, and no wonder. She's been awake every night for a week past."

The Idea! What was the matter?

"She discovered about a week ago that her husband talks in his sleep, and, of course, she had to listen."—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Apple Water Ice.

Pare and core some fine apples, cut in pieces into a preserving pan with sufficient water for them to float; boil until reduced to a marmalade and strain. To one pint of apple water add one-half pint of syrup, juice of a lemon and a little water; when cold, freeze.—Boston Budget.

BUNCH TOGETHER.

Coffee Has a Curious Way of Finally Attacking Some Organ.

All that come from coffee are cumulative, that is, unless the coffee is taken away new troubles are continually appearing and the old ones get worse.

"To begin with," says a Kansan, "I was a slave to coffee just as thousands of others to-day; thought I could not live without drinking strong coffee every morning for breakfast and I had sick headaches that kept me in bed several days every month. Could hardly keep my food on my stomach, but would vomit as long as I could throw anything up and when I could get hot coffee to stay on my stomach I thought I was better."

"Well, two years ago this spring I was that sick with rheumatism I could not use my right arm to do anything, had heart trouble, was nervous. My nerves were all unstrung and my finger nails and tips were blue as if I had a chill all the time, and my face and hands yellow as a pumpkin. My doctor said it was heart disease and rheumatism and my neighbors said I had Bright's Disease and was going to die."

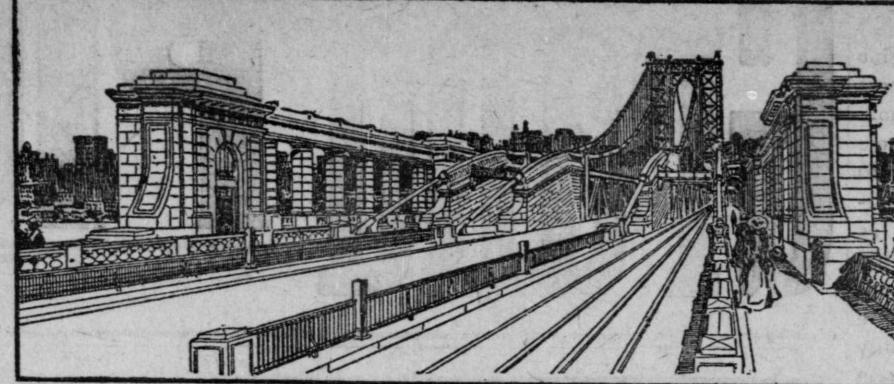
"Well, I did not know what on earth was the matter and every morning would drag myself out of bed and go to breakfast, not to eat anything, but to force down some more coffee. Then in a little while I would be so nervous, my heart would beat like everything."

"Finally one morning I told my husband I believed coffee was the cause of this trouble and that I thought I would try Postum, which I had seen advertised. He said 'All right,' so we pot Postum, and although I did not like it at first I got right down to business and made it according to directions, then it was fine and the whole family got to using it, and I tell you it has worked wonders for me. Thanks to Postum in place of the poison, coffee, I now enjoy good health, have not been in bed with sick headache for two years, although I had it for 30 years before I began Postum and my nerves are now strong and I have no trouble from my heart or from the rheumatism."

"I consider Postum a necessary article of food on my table. My friends who come here and taste my Postum say it is delicious." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Get the book, "The Road to Wellville," in each phg.

APPROACH OF THE MANHATTAN BRIDGE, NEW YORK.



The finest and most expensive of New York's bridges across the East river will be the Manhattan, work on which will soon begin. Five years have been expended in drawing plans for this bridge, which will be one-third wider than the Brooklyn bridge, though its center span will be a trifle shorter. Its towers will rise 320 feet above the water. It will cross the East river between the Brooklyn and Williamsburg bridges.

UTAH'S NATURAL BRIDGE.

Wonderful Arch Over Three Hundred Feet Wide Spanning a Deep Canyon.

Here, across a canyon measuring 335 feet seven inches from wall to wall, nature has thrown a splendid arch of solid sandstone, 60 feet thick in the central part and 40 feet wide, leaving underneath it a clear opening 357 feet in perpendicular height, writes W. W. Dyars, in "The Colossal Bridges of Utah," in Century. The lateral walls of the arch rise perpendicularly nearly to the top of the bridge, when they flare suddenly outward, giving the effect of an immense coping or cornice overhanging the main structure 15 or 20 feet on each side, and extending with the greatest regularity and symmetry the whole length of the bridge. A large rounded butte at the edge of the canyon wall seems partly to obstruct the approach to the bridge at one end.

Here again the curving walls of the canyon and the impossibility of bringing the whole of the great structure into the narrow field of the camera, except from distant points of view, render the photographs unsatisfactory. But the lightness and grace of the arch is brought out by the partial view which Long obtained by climbing far up the canyon wall and at some risk crawling out on an overhanging shelf.

The majestic proportions of this bridge, however, may be partly realized by a few comparisons. Thus its height is more than twice and its span more than three times as great as those of the famous natural bridge of Virginia. Its buttresses are 118 feet farther apart than those of the celebrated masonry arch in the District of Columbia, known as Cabin John Bridge, a few miles from Washington city, which has the greatest span of any masonry bridge on this continent. This bridge would overspan the capitol at Washington and clear the top of the dome by 51 feet. And if the loftiest tree in the Calaveras grove of giant sequoits in California stood in the bottom of the canyon, its topmost bough would lack 32 feet of reaching the under side of the arch.

The bridge is of white or very light sandstone, and, as in the case of the Caroline, filaments of green and orange-tinted lichens run here and there over the mighty buttresses and along the sheltered crevices under the lofty cornices, giving warmth and color to the wonderful picture.

TICKLISH "ANIMAL FOOD."

Old Negro Could Do Justice to Corn and Oats, But Hay Stopped Him.

An ancient colored man who used to work for Dr. G. Frank Lydston called upon his former employer a short time ago, complaining of being "powerfully weak." The doctor asked him something about what he generally ate and discovered that the venerable darkey had not been sufficiently nourished with good food, and suspecting that it was because he was not financially able to have better, the doctor gave him some money and told him that he should eat more animal food, relates a Chicago exchange.

Gratefully the old negro departed, promising to return in a week and report his condition.

The end of the specified time brought "Unc" Cato back to the doctor's office, looking almost pale in the ashiness of his chocolate complexion.

"Well, how do you feel now, Uncle Cato?" the doctor asked.

Uncle Cato, huskily and with evident embarrassment, for he much disliked to reflect upon the professional ability of Dr. Lydston, for whom he had great respect, replied:

"Hit sorter 'pears lak, Marse Lissut, dat dar animal food what you done tolle me to tek ain' reachin' lak hit orter."

"What have you been eating?" the doctor asked.

"Well, suh, de fac' is I tuk de cawn en oats right smart chance every day, but w'en hit come to do hay, Marse Lissut, hit tickle me in de face, suh, ya'suh, hit tickle me in de face, en Ah doan see how dem animals kin eat hit. Ah doan b'lieve, Marse Lissut, dat Ah's done jestice by dat hay."

When the doctor had recovered sufficiently to hold his face straight the old ebon philosopher said:

"Ah-as suh, hit wuz ticklish, dat is er fac'."

Uncle Cato has been set on the right track. His diet has been changed from "animal food" to good everyday "grub," and the old man is looking less ashy, to say the least.

To Be Encouraged.

"What do you think of a politician who has nothing to say?"

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "if he can recognize the fact and keep quiet accordingly, he deserves a great deal of credit."—Washington Star.

FROM OTHER COUNTRIES.

Giving a flash of 150,000 candlepower, the most powerful port light in England, beams from Roker pier, Sunderland.

In Japan there are no drug stores. The doctors dispense the medicine and if the patrons call on them, they charge for the medicines only.

Owing to the unusual snowfall last winter, much anxiety regarding avalanches was felt in Switzerland during April, but no serious accidents happened.

During the journey of United States Consul-General Skinner through Abyssinia, which occupied weeks, Emperor Menelik was kept informed of the progress of the American party by telephone.

Greece is overrun by well-educated men who do not know how to earn a living. The country swarms with doctors who have no patients and lawyers who have no briefs, while laborers to till the soil are at a premium.

In the prison at Cologne there is a man who was convicted of murder in 1895, but whose death sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. He persistently demands a new trial, and begs to be executed if this is not granted.

Only 130 Russians reside in Japan, whereas there are 3,000 Japanese settlers in Manchuria and Eastern Siberia. The retail trade there is largely in the hands of the Japanese and Chinese merchants. The Japanese vessels plying between Japan and Vladivostok are far superior to the Russian.

There are fewable-bodied paupers in Holland. A tract of public land containing 5,000 acres is divided into six model farms, to one of which the person applying for public relief is sent. Here he is taught agriculture and is subsequently permitted to rent a small farm for himself. Holland also has a forced labor colony, to which vagrants are sent to do farm and other work, whether they like it or not.

Recently women's footraces at Trepow, near Berlin, caused a great deal of interest. Two of the competitors boldly donned jerseys and knickerbockers, but the remainder ran in skirts. Several appeared on the track in high-heeled boots. A considerable number dropped from exhaustion within 50 yards of the starting point. One sprained her ankle, another fell and broke her arm and a third fainted from excitement before the signal was given to go. Most of the competitors appeared to be absolutely untrained.

CURRENT CURIOS.

On March 4, 1906, 85,000 red men in the Indian territory will give up tribal rule and become American citizens.

Charles H. Booth, lately deceased at Englewood, N. J., was 101 years of age, and holder of the oldest life insurance policy of which there is record.

Parts of the wreck of the Sirius, the first steam vessel to cross the Atlantic, which was lost off Ballycotton, County Cork, in 1847, have just been recovered.

Only a saucer remains of the porcelain set presented in 1783 to Martha Washington. This is carefully preserved in the Smithsonian institution at Washington.

Thorium, which gives the light from a gas mantle its intensity, was a curiosity 20 years ago, but hundreds of persons are now making a living digging it in North Carolina, and the annual output is worth \$500,000.

A Russian woman who returned to St. Petersburg from Port Arthur after the first bombardment comments on the curious behavior of the cats in that place. While the bombardment lasted they acted like tigers, yelling, spitting and fighting; but subsided as soon as the missiles and the noise ceased.

MARKET REPORT.

Cincinnati, July 30.

CATTLE—Common	\$3.00	@ 3 25
Heavy steers	5.50	@ 6.00
CALVES—Extra		@ 6.00
HOGS—Ch. packers	5.75	@ 5.80
Mixed packers	5.55	@ 5.70
SHEEP—Extra	3.85	@ 4.00
LAMBS—Extra	7.25	@ 7.40
FLOUR—Spring pat.	5.00	@ 5.30
WHEAT—No. 2 red.		@ 98
No. 3 winter		@ 94
CORN—No. 2 mixed.		@ 52
OATS—No. 2 mixed.		@ 41
RYE—No. 2	74	@ 76
HAY—Ch. timothy		@ 13.75
PORK—Mess		@ 15.45
BUTTER—Ch. dairy		@ 10
APPLES—Choice	2.75	@ 3.25
POTATOES—New	1.65	@ 1.75
TOBACCO—New	5.25	@ 12.25
Old	4.75	@ 14.50
Chicago.		
FLOUR—Winter pat.	4.80	@ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 red.		@ 98 1/2
No. 3 spring	88	@ 94
CORN—No. 2 mixed.		@ 49 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed.		@ 45
RYE—No. 2		@ 66
PORK—Mess	12.90	@ 12.95
LARD—Steam	6.90	@ 6.92 1/2
New York.		
FLOUR—Win. strts.	4.50	@ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 red.		@ 1.00
CORN—No. 2 mixed.		@ 55 1/2
OATS—No. 2 mixed.	41	@ 43
PORK—Family		@ 15.00
LARD—Steam		@ 7.40
Baltimore.		
WHEAT—No. 2 red.		@ 87
CORN—No. 2 mixed.		@ 53
OATS—No. 2 mixed.		@ 40
CATTLE—Steers	5.55	@ 5.80
HOGS—Western		@ 6.40
Indianapolis.		
WHEAT—No. 2 red.		@ 90
CORN—No. 2 mixed.		@ 53
OATS—No. 2 mixed.		@ 43
LARD—Steam		@ 7.75
PORK—Mess		@ 13.50
Indianapolis.		

ANAKESIS

gives instant relief and POWERS

for the cure of piles.

For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune Building, New York.

J. F. McGRATH, Asst. Gen'l Agent.

Government Land, Seewo

160 acres rich Farm

Land by using homestead right.

WESTERN REALTY CO., Cincinnati, O.

YOUNG MAN GO WEST

Land by using homestead right.

WESTERN REALTY CO., Cincinnati, O.

YOUNG MAN GO WEST

Land by using homestead right.

WESTERN REALTY CO., Cincinnati, O.

YOUNG MAN GO WEST

Land by using homestead right.

WESTERN REALTY CO., Cincinnati, O.

YOUNG MAN GO WEST

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Bank Assessments.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.
We are authorized to announce Claude M. Thomas, of Paris, as a candidate for Judge of Bourbon County Court, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Denis Dundon as a candidate for Judge of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.
We are authorized to announce Geo. W. Judy as a candidate for re-election for Jailer of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Geo. W. Bowen as a candidate for Jailer of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party, with James A. Gibson as Deputy.

STATE SENATOR.

We are authorized to announce Col. H. P. Thomson as a candidate for State Senator from the 28th district composed of the counties of Bourbon, Clark and Montgomery, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Charles Swift as a candidate for Senator from the 28th District, composed of Bourbon, Clark and Montgomery county. Subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce Ed. D. Paton, of Paris, as a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the Bourbon County Court, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce E. P. Clarke as a candidate for Sheriff at Bourbon county, with Albert S. Thompson and Wm. F. Talbot as deputies, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce Henry S. Caywood as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon county, with J. U. Boardman as deputy, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce Judge H. C. Smith as a candidate for Representative of Bourbon County in the next General Assembly, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. Hal Woodford as a candidate for Representative of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. W. Shropshire as a candidate for Representative of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce T. Porter Smith as a candidate for the office of Representative of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

We are authorized to announce F. L. McChesney as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Schools of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Miss Wallace Montague as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Schools of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JUDGE OF COURT OF APPEALS.

We are authorized to announce Judge James E. Cantrell, of Scott county, as a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals from this District, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce Charles A. McMillan as a candidate for County Attorney of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce T. E. Moore, Jr., as a candidate for County Attorney of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Neville C. Fisher as a candidate for County Attorney of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. J. Williams as a candidate for County Attorney of Bourbon county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Claude M. Thomas, of Paris, as a candidate for Judge of Bourbon County Court, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

SOCIALDOM.

County Clerk Ed. D. Paton has received notice from the State Auditor, giving the assessment of the State banks in Paris and Bourbon County for franchise tax for the year 1904, the figures being as follows:

Farmers' Bank, Clintonville	\$ 6,860
Farmers' Bank, Millersburg	19,200
Citizens Bank, Paris	45,946
Geo. Alexander & Co., Paris	31,325
Bourbon Bank, Paris	125,363
Agricultural Bank, Paris	167,580
Deposit Bank, Paris	102,550
Deposit Bank, North Mid-town	59,375
Total	\$558,199

He has also received notice of the assessment of the L. & N. Railroad Company and branches, for the county, the City of Paris and Millersburg, as follows:

In County—36.58 miles at \$7,000 per mile	\$256,060
Paris—2.28 miles at \$7,000 per mile	18,480
Millersburg—.71 miles at \$7,000 per mile	4,970
By School Districts the assessment is as follows:	
No. 12—1.43 miles at \$7,000 per mile	\$ 10,010
No. 16—2.22 miles at \$7,000 per mile	15,545
No. 14—3.51 miles at \$7,000 per mile	24,570
No. 6—4.77 miles at \$7,000 per mile	33,890
No. 3—2.65 miles at \$7,000 per mile	18,550
No. 8—.76 miles at \$7,000 per mile	5,320
No. 40—3.75 miles at \$7,000 per mile	26,250
No. 1—.76 miles at \$7,000 per mile	5,320
No. 20—3.55 miles at \$7,000 per mile	24,850
No. 21—2.1 miles at \$7,000 per mile	8,470
No. 36—.03 miles at \$7,000 per mile	210
No. 22—14 miles at \$7,000 per mile	980
Paris—2.18 miles at \$7,000 per mile	15,260
School District—City of Paris:	
No. 6—.63 miles at \$7,000 per mile	\$ 4,410
No. 11—3.58 miles at \$7,000 per mile	25,060
No. 10—2.74 miles at \$7,000 per mile	19,180
No. 30—1.35 miles at \$7,000 per mile	9,450

A Very Close Call.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Ballamy, a locomotive fireman, of Burlington, Iowa. "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters, and after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by Oberdorfer, the druggist. Price 50 cents.

WALL PAPER.—Buy your Wall Paper of me and you will have an assortment equal to any of the largest wholesale houses in the United States. CHAS. COOLEY, 541 and 516 Main Street.

LIME.—Now is the time of year to do your whitewashing and remember there is no lime superior to the White Rock. It is pure white and there is no waste to it. We sell it both in barrels and bulk.

STUART & WOODFORD.

WHEN you are ready to put up your blackberries and fruits see Wm. Sauer for your Mason Jars.

SAY!—Talk to T. Porter Smith about the insurance.

Domestic Troubles.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in Stomach and Liver troubles. They not only relieve you, but cure, 25c, at Oberdorfer's drug store.

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